

## LAMPIRAN

### Lampiran 1 Perhitungan Uji Keseragaman Data

#### 1. Workstation 1B

Pekerja 1

j) Jumlah pengamatan ( $n$ ) = 15

k)  $\sum xi = 307,11$

l)  $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum xi}{15} = \frac{307,11}{15} = 20,474$

m)  $(\sum xi^2) = 94316,55$

n)  $\sum xi^2 = 6305,63$

o)  $\sum(xi - \bar{x})^2 = 17,86$

p) Standar deviasi

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{\sum(xi - \bar{x})^2}{N - 1}} = \sqrt{\frac{17,86}{14}} = 1,129$$

q) Tingkat ketelitian ( $s$ )

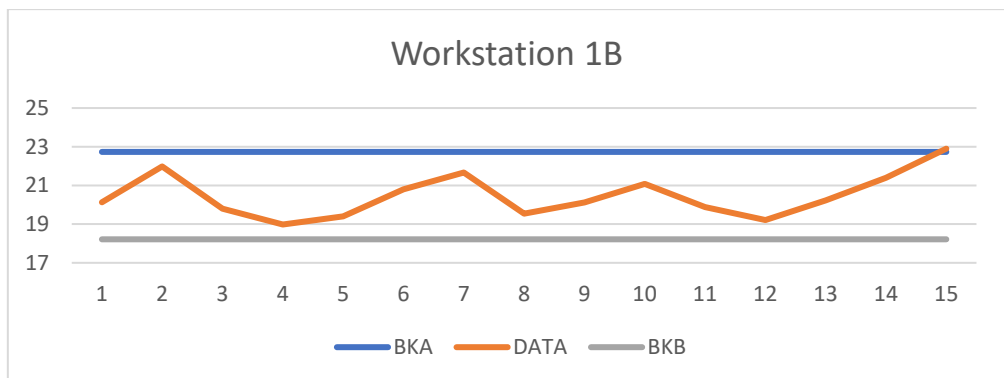
$$s = \frac{\sigma}{\bar{x}} \times 100\% = \frac{1,129}{20,474} = 0,0552$$

r) Tingkat kepercayaan ( $k$ )

$$CL = 100\% - s = 100\% - 0,0552 = 94,48\% \approx 2$$

#### Uji Keseragaman Data

- $BKA = \bar{x} + k \times \sigma = 20,474 + 2 \times 1,129 = 22,73$
- $BKB = \bar{x} - k \times \sigma = 20,474 - 2 \times 1,129 = 18,21$



Dapat dilihat bahwa semua data pengamatan pada *Workstation 1B* tidak ada yang melebihi Batas Kontrol Atas (BKA) dan Batas Kontrol Bawah (BKB), maka data pengamatan pada *Workstation 1B* dapat dikatakan sudah seragam.

## 2. *Workstation 2*

Pekerja 1

a) Jumlah pengamatan ( $n$ ) = 15

b)  $\sum xi = 823,53$

c)  $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum xi}{15} = \frac{823,53}{15} = 54,902$

d)  $(\sum xi^2) = 678201,7$

e)  $\sum xi^2 = 45249,90$

f)  $\sum(xi - \bar{x})^2 = 36,45$

g) Standar deviasi

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{\sum(xi - \bar{x})^2}{N - 1}} = \sqrt{\frac{36,45}{14}} = 1,614$$

h) Tingkat ketelitian ( $s$ )

$$s = \frac{\sigma}{\bar{x}} \times 100\% = \frac{1,614}{54,902} = 0,02942$$

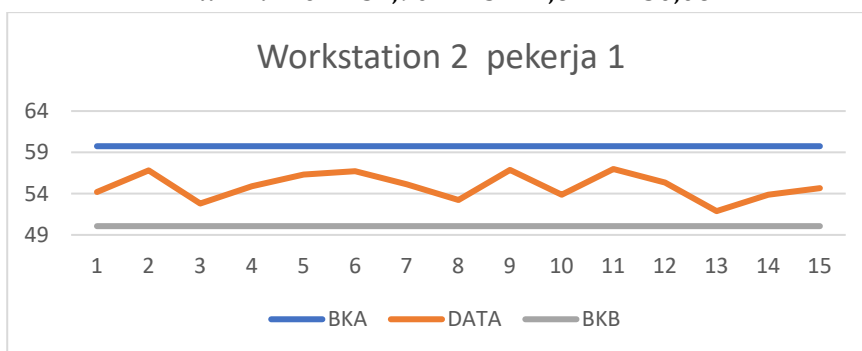
i) Tingkat kepercayaan ( $k$ )

$$CL = 100\% - s = 100\% - 0,0294 = 97,06\% \approx 3$$

### Uji Keseragaman Data

•  $BKA = \bar{x} + k \times \sigma = 54,902 + 3 \times 1,614 = 59,74$

•  $BKB = \bar{x} - k \times \sigma = 54,902 - 3 \times 1,614 = 50,06$



Dapat dilihat bahwa semua data pengamatan pada *Workstation 2* pekerja ke 1 masuk dalam BKA dan BKB, maka data pengamatan tersebut sudah seragam.

## Pekerja 2

a) Jumlah pengamatan (n) = 15

b)  $\sum xi = 843,71$ c)  $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum xi}{15} = \frac{843,71}{15} = 56,247$ d)  $(\sum xi^2) = 711846,6$ e)  $\sum xi^2 = 47491,69$ f)  $\sum(xi - \bar{x})^2 = 35,25$ 

g) Standar deviasi

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{\sum(xi - \bar{x})^2}{N - 1}} = \sqrt{\frac{35,25}{14}} = 1,587$$

h) Tingkat ketelitian (s)

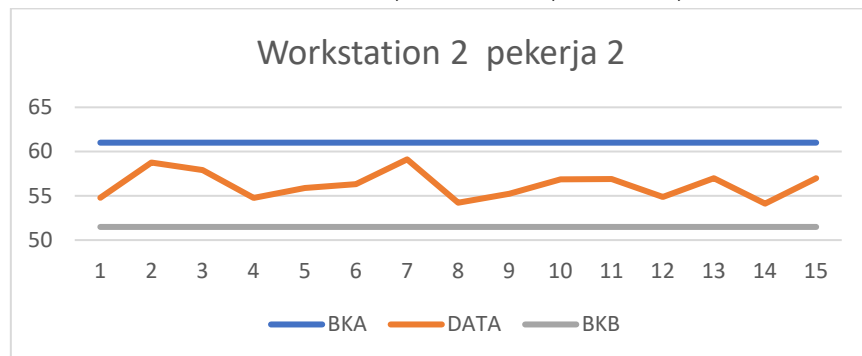
$$s = \frac{\sigma}{\bar{x}} \times 100\% = \frac{1,587}{56,247} = 0,0282$$

i) Tingkat kepercayaan (k)

$$CL = 100\% - s = 100\% - 0,0282 = 97,18\% \approx 3$$

**Uji Keceragaman Data**

- $BKA = \bar{x} + k \times \sigma = 56,247 + 3 \times 1,587 = 61,01$
- $BKB = \bar{x} - k \times \sigma = 56,247 - 3 \times 1,587 = 51,49$



Dapat dilihat bahwa semua data pengamatan pada *Workstation 2* pekerja ke 2 masuk dalam BKA dan BKB, maka data pengamatan tersebut sudah seragam.

3. *Workstation 3*

## Pekerja 1

a) Jumlah pengamatan (n) = 15

b)  $\sum xi = 287,24$

$$c) \bar{x} = \frac{\sum xi}{15} = \frac{287,24}{15} = 19,149$$

$$d) (\sum xi^2) = 82506,82$$

$$e) \sum xi^2 = 5519,97$$

$$f) \sum (xi - \bar{x})^2 = 19,51$$

g) Standar deviasi

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (xi - \bar{x})^2}{N - 1}} = \sqrt{\frac{19,51}{14}} = 1,181$$

h) Tingkat ketelitian (s)

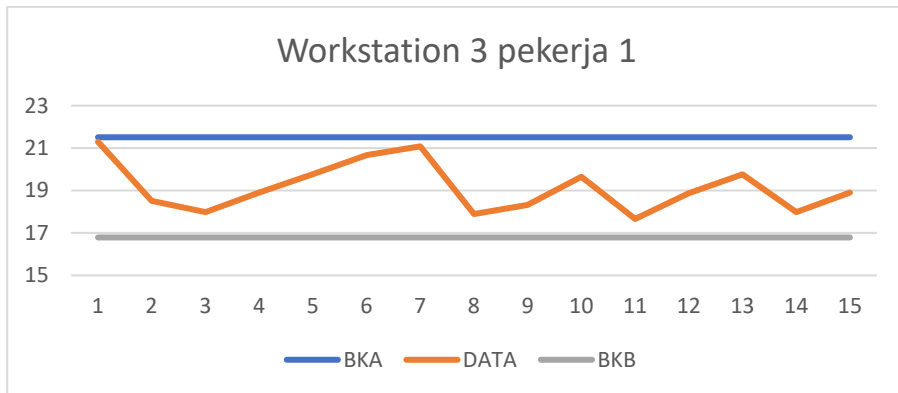
$$s = \frac{\sigma}{\bar{x}} \times 100\% = \frac{1,181}{19,149} = 0,0616$$

i) Tingkat kepercayaan (k)

$$CL = 100\% - s = 100\% - 0,0616 = 93,84\% \approx 2$$

### Uji Keseragaman Data

- $BKA = \bar{x} + k \times \sigma = 19,149 + 2 \times 1,181 = 21,51$
- $BKB = \bar{x} - k \times \sigma = 19,149 - 2 \times 1,181 = 16,79$



Dapat dilihat bahwa semua data pengamatan pada Workstation 3 pekerja ke 1 masuk dalam BKA dan BKB, maka data pengamatan tersebut sudah seragam.

Pekerja 2

a) Jumlah pengamatan (n) = 15

b)  $\sum xi = 294,65$

c)  $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum xi}{15} = \frac{294,65}{15} = 19,643$

d)  $(\sum xi^2) = 86818,62$

e)  $\sum xi^2 = 5813,12$

f)  $\sum(xi - \bar{x})^2 = 25,21$

g) Standar deviasi

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{\sum(xi - \bar{x})^2}{N - 1}} = \sqrt{\frac{25,21}{14}} = 1,342$$

h) Tingkat ketelitian (s)

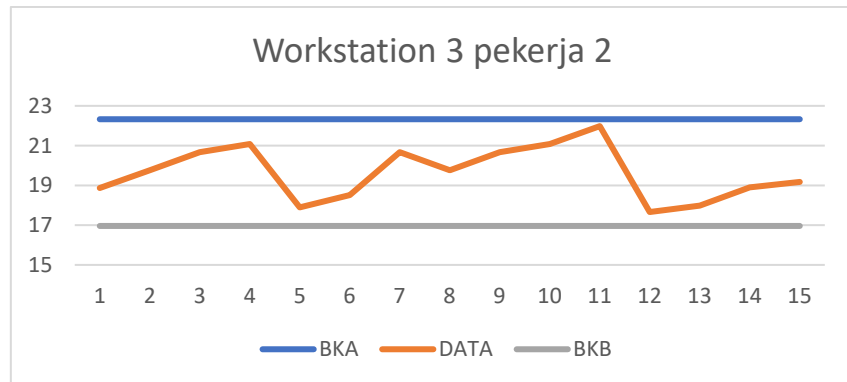
$$s = \frac{\sigma}{\bar{x}} \times 100\% = \frac{1,342}{19,643} = 0,0683$$

i) Tingkat kepercayaan (k)

$$CL = 100\% - s = 100\% - 0,0683 = 93,17\% \approx 2$$

### Uji Keseragaman Data

- $BKA = \bar{x} + k \times \sigma = 19,643 + 2 \times 1,342 = 22,33$
- $BKB = \bar{x} - k \times \sigma = 19,643 - 2 \times 1,342 = 16,96$



Dapat dilihat bahwa semua data pengamatan pada Workstation 3 pekerja ke 2 masuk dalam BKA dan BKB, maka data pengamatan tersebut sudah seragam.

## Lampiran 2 Uji Kecukupan Data

### 1. Workstation 1B

Pekerja 1

a) Jumlah pengamatan (n) = 15

b)  $\sum xi = 307,11$

c)  $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum xi}{15} = \frac{307,11}{15} = 20,474$

d)  $(\sum xi^2) = 94316,55$

e)  $\sum xi^2 = 6305,63$

f)  $\sum(xi - \bar{x})^2 = 17,86$

g) Standar deviasi

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{\sum(xi - \bar{x})^2}{N - 1}} = \sqrt{\frac{17,86}{14}} = 1,129$$

h) Tingkat ketelitian (s)

$$s = \frac{\sigma}{\bar{x}} \times 100\% = \frac{1,129}{20,474} = 0,0552$$

i) Tingkat kepercayaan (k)

$$CL = 100\% - s = 100\% - 0,0552 = 94,48\% \approx 2$$

### Uji Kecukupan Data

- $N' = \left( \frac{\frac{k}{s} \sqrt{N \times \sum xi^2 - (\sum xi)^2}}{\sum xi} \right)^2$
- $N' = \left( \frac{\frac{2}{0,0552} \sqrt{15 \times 6305,63 - 94316,55}}{307,11} \right)^2$
- $N' = 3,7 \approx 4$

### 2. Workstation 2

Pekerja 1

a) Jumlah pengamatan (n) = 15

b)  $\sum xi = 823,53$

c)  $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum xi}{15} = \frac{823,53}{15} = 54,902$

d)  $(\sum xi^2) = 678201,7$

e)  $\sum xi^2 = 45249,90$

f)  $\sum(xi - \bar{x})^2 = 36,45$

g) Standar deviasi

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (xi - \bar{x})^2}{N - 1}} = \sqrt{\frac{36,45}{14}} = 1,614$$

h) Tingkat ketelitian (s)

$$s = \frac{\sigma}{\bar{x}} \times 100\% = \frac{1,614}{54,902} = 0,02942$$

i) Tingkat kepercayaan (k)

$$CL = 100\% - s = 100\% - 0,0294 = 97,06\% \approx 3$$

### Uji Kecukupan Data

- $N' = \left( \frac{\frac{k}{s} \sqrt{N \times \sum xi^2 - (\sum xi)^2}}{\sum xi} \right)^2$
- $N' = \left( \frac{\frac{3}{0,02942} \sqrt{15 \times 45249,90 - 678201,7}}{823,53} \right)^2$
- $N' = 8,4 \approx 8$

### Pekerja 2

a) Jumlah pengamatan (n) = 15

b)  $\sum xi = 843,71$

c)  $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum xi}{15} = \frac{843,71}{15} = 56,247$

d)  $(\sum xi^2) = 711846,6$

e)  $\sum xi^2 = 47491,69$

f)  $\sum (xi - \bar{x})^2 = 35,25$

g) Standar deviasi

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (xi - \bar{x})^2}{N - 1}} = \sqrt{\frac{35,25}{14}} = 1,587$$

h) Tingkat ketelitian (s)

$$s = \frac{\sigma}{\bar{x}} \times 100\% = \frac{1,587}{56,247} = 0,0282$$

i) Tingkat kepercayaan (k)

$$CL = 100\% - s = 100\% - 0,0282 = 97,18\% \approx 3$$

### Uji Kecukupan Data

- $N' = \left( \frac{\frac{k}{s} \sqrt{N \times \sum xi^2 - (\sum xi)^2}}{\sum xi} \right)^2$

- $N' = \left( \frac{0,0282 \sqrt{15 \times 47491,69 - 711846,6}}{823,53} \right)^2$
- $N' = 8,4 \approx 8$

### 3. Workstation 3

Pekerja 1

- Jumlah pengamatan (n) = 15
- $\sum xi = 287,24$
- $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum xi}{15} = \frac{287,24}{15} = 19,149$
- $(\sum xi^2) = 82506,82$
- $\sum xi^2 = 5519,97$
- $\sum (xi - \bar{x})^2 = 19,51$
- Standar deviasi

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (xi - \bar{x})^2}{N - 1}} = \sqrt{\frac{19,51}{14}} = 1,181$$

- Tingkat ketelitian (s)

$$s = \frac{\sigma}{\bar{x}} \times 100\% = \frac{1,181}{19,149} = 0,0616$$

- Tingkat kepercayaan (k)

$$CL = 100\% - s = 100\% - 0,0616 = 93,84\% \approx 2$$

### Uji Kecukupan Data

- $N' = \left( \frac{\frac{k}{s} \sqrt{N \times \sum xi^2 - (\sum xi)^2}}{\sum xi} \right)^2$
- $N' = \left( \frac{2}{0,0616} \sqrt{15 \times 5519,97 - 82506,82} \right)^2$
- $N' = 3,7 \approx 4$

Pekerja 2

- Jumlah pengamatan (n) = 15
- $\sum xi = 294,65$
- $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum xi}{15} = \frac{294,65}{15} = 19,643$
- $(\sum xi^2) = 86818,62$
- $\sum xi^2 = 5813,12$
- $\sum (xi - \bar{x})^2 = 25,21$
- Standar deviasi



$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (xi - \bar{x})^2}{N - 1}} = \sqrt{\frac{25,21}{14}} = 1,342$$

h) Tingkat ketelitian (s)

$$s = \frac{\sigma}{\bar{x}} \times 100\% = \frac{1,342}{19,643} = 0,0683$$

i) Tingkat kepercayaan (k)

$$CL = 100\% - s = 100\% - 0,0683 = 93,17\% \approx 2$$

### Uji Kecukupan Data

- $N' = \left( \frac{\frac{k}{s} \sqrt{N \times \sum xi^2 - (\sum xi)^2}}{\sum xi} \right)^2$
- $N' = \left( \frac{\frac{2}{0,0683} \sqrt{15 \times 5813,12 - 86818,62}}{294,65} \right)^2$
- $N' = 3,7 \approx 4$

*Lampiran 3 Perhitungan Waktu Normal*

1. *Workstation 1B*  
 $Wn = \bar{x} \times \text{Performance rating}(\%)$   
 $Wn = 20,474 \times 1,16 = 23,75$
2. *Workstation 2*
  - *Pekerja 1*  
 $Wn = \bar{x} \times \text{Performance rating}(\%)$   
 $Wn = 54,902 \times 0,98 = 53,804$
  - *Pekerja 2*  
 $Wn = \bar{x} \times \text{Performance rating}(\%)$   
 $Wn = 56,25 \times 1,06 = 59,622$
3. *Workstation 3*
  - *Pekerja 1*  
 $Wn = \bar{x} \times \text{Performance rating}(\%)$   
 $Wn = 19,15 \times 1,14 = 21,83$
  - *Pekerja 2*  
 $Wn = \bar{x} \times \text{Performance rating}(\%)$   
 $Wn = 19,64 \times 1,14 = 22,39$

*Lampiran 4 Perhitungan Waktu Standart (Ws)*

1. Workstation 1B

$$Ws = Wn \times \frac{100\%}{100\% - allowance}$$

$$Ws = 23,75 \times \frac{100\%}{100\% - 20,5\%} = 29,87$$

2. Workstation 2

a) Pekerja 1

$$Ws = Wn \times \frac{100\%}{100\% - allowance}$$

$$Ws = 53,80 \times \frac{100\%}{100\% - 23,5\%} = 70,33$$

b) Pekerja 2

$$Ws = Wn \times \frac{100\%}{100\% - allowance}$$

$$Ws = 59,62 \times \frac{100\%}{100\% - 20,5\%} = 74,99$$

3. Workstation 3

a) Pekerja 1

$$Ws = Wn \times \frac{100\%}{100\% - allowance}$$

$$Ws = 21,83 \times \frac{100\%}{100\% - 20,5\%} = 27,46$$

b) Pekerja 2

$$Ws = Wn \times \frac{100\%}{100\% - allowance}$$

$$Ws = 22,39 \times \frac{100\%}{100\% - 20,5\%} = 28,17$$